ACADEMIC PROGRAM REVIEW

PROCEDURE MANUAL
2018-2019

Office of the Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost
The University of Arizona
Administration Building, Room 512
P. O. Box 210066 | Tucson, AZ 85721
Academic Program Review Management Group

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**Website for Academic Program Review**

http://academicaffairs.arizona.edu/academic-program-review
List of Academic Program Reviews for Academic Year 2018-2019

College of Agriculture and Life Sciences
  ▪ John and Doris Norton School of Family & Consumer Sciences

College of Medicine Phoenix
  ▪ Basic Medical Sciences

College of Medicine Tucson
  ▪ Department of Immunobiology
  ▪ Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology*
  ▪ Department of Pharmacology

College of Science
  ▪ Department of Molecular & Cellular Biology

College of Social and Behavioral Sciences
  ▪ Arizona Center for Judaic Studies
  ▪ Department of English
  ▪ Department of History

Eller College of Management
  ▪ Eller Master of Business Administration (MBA) Programs
  ▪ Department of Management & Organizations

Graduate College | Graduate Interdisciplinary Programs
  ▪ Applied Mathematics
  ▪ Cancer Biology
  ▪ Genetics
  ▪ Physiological Sciences

College of Pharmacy
  ▪ All Programs

* College of Medicine non-academic units should use the manual for Clinical Departments.
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Introduction: About the Academic Program Review

What is the Academic Program Review?
The Academic Program Review (APR) is a systematic review and evaluation of all academic programs offered on the campuses of the three Arizona state universities. The Arizona Board of Regents (ABOR) Policy 2-225 (Academic Program Review) states that academic departments are the basic units for review; though, some programs are reviewed at the college level or at the major level. Nonetheless, each program shall be reviewed at least once every seven years. According to ABOR policy, the standard review consists of a self-study, followed by a review by experts from outside the University. An academic program review is not a review of the unit head.

Purpose
According to ABOR policy, academic program reviews fulfill several purposes. The process is designed to assess program quality and facilitate program improvement where appropriate and to assist in achieving the best use of institutional resources. The information gathered in the course of the review will assist in University and State planning efforts.

The primary purpose of academic program review is to examine, assess, and strengthen programs. The areas in which program quality is measured include, but are not limited to:

a. The quality of teaching and educational programs, including an assessment of student outcomes;
b. The quality of research, creative activity, or scholarly work;
c. The quality of outreach activities and service to the University, the profession, and the community;
d. The contribution or importance of the program to other campus programs; and
e. The potential and future expectations for the program.

The review is intended:
1. To enhance the quality of a program and to assist in determining a program’s ability to respond to future challenges and opportunities,
2. To evaluate strengths and weaknesses, and thus, determine future priorities, and
3. To aid in shaping the strategic plan for the program.

APR Administration at the UA
Academic program reviews are overseen by the Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost. For departments and/or programs in the Health Sciences (Colleges of Medicine, Nursing, Pharmacy and Public Health), the Senior Vice President for Health Sciences will also provide oversight of the review. The Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs administers the process. A member of the Office of Curricular Affairs serves as consultant to academic units, particularly as questions arise in the preparation of self-studies, and provides assistance to the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs in the culminating phases of the review process. Assessment specialists in the Office of Instruction and Assessment (OIA) will provide support for student learning outcomes assessment. Lastly, experts in University Analytics & Institutional Research (UAIR) are available to help with analytics, faculty scholarly productivity, academic data, and reports on the Analytics APR Dashboard.
Seven-Year APR Schedule and Accreditation Reviews
The seven-year APR schedule is developed in consultation with the deans of the various colleges and conforms to ABOR calendar requirements. Under exceptional circumstances and with the approval of the dean and the Provost, a review may be extended or postponed. When possible, the schedule is coordinated with other review and accreditation obligations of the programs. In some instances, the review teams have been the same for both reviews. It is important to note that accreditation reviews are conducted for other purposes and might not take the place of the academic program review.

The APR Process

The academic program review process includes the five major parts outlined below. These include: (1) initial planning, (2) self-study report, (3) joint internal/external review, (4) discussion of findings, and (5) the report to the Arizona Board of Regents. The explanation of each part includes guidelines for the review process. While the guidelines are not binding and may be adapted to the needs of the individual program under study, they should be followed as closely as possible.

The timetable required for the review of an academic program should be one academic year. A model timetable for the entire review process is found in Appendix A. While the actual time for each part will vary according to the department, it is critical that the review process be completed before May so that required reports can be submitted to ABOR.

Part 1: Initial Planning

The academic program review process will be initiated each academic year by the Office of the Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost.

- In the spring semester that precedes the academic program review year, letters will be sent to the appropriate deans notifying them of the programs under their purview scheduled for review. Associate Deans and Department Heads receive copies of the notification letters.
- Later in the same spring semester, unit heads, and appropriate staff will be invited to participate in an orientation workshop to launch the academic program review process. This workshop will serve as an introduction to the APR process and its purposes, and it will provide guidelines for successful completion.
- Also late in the spring semester, unit heads and personnel involved in assessment will be invited to participate in a workshop presented by the Office of Instruction and Assessment that focuses on best practices in student learning outcomes assessment.

As with any review process, there is a need for support, ranging from administrative assistance to payment of expenses for external reviewers, community members and alumni. It is expected that such support for the APR will be provided by the program being reviewed, its college, or a combination of the two. Costs should be part of the department head-dean discussion at an early date. Deans’ Council has agreed that external, community, and alumni reviewers each receive at least a $1,000 honorarium; internal reviewers should count their participation as service to the University. Hotel and travel arrangements for out-of-town reviewers should be made as early as
possible to avoid increased costs and limited availability due to conflicts with other local events such as Rodeo Days and the Gem and Mineral Show.

Part 2: The Self-Study Report

A. Guidelines
A thorough and thoughtful self-study report will candidly assess a program’s past and present efforts and will outline a realistic course for the program’s future. The self-study provides the basis for the entire review process. Therefore, it is critical that the study cover all aspects of the academic program. It is of particular importance that the self-study pays special attention to measures of quality. If a self-study has been undertaken within the previous year for accreditation or other purposes, it is possible, with appropriate modifications and updating, to adapt parts of that study for academic program review purposes.

The areas and issues to be covered by the self-study are reflected in the Academic Program Review Self-Study Outline (Appendix B). The self-study should:

- Go beyond the issues and questions raised in the outline, as necessary,
- Disregard questions not pertinent to the program,
- Provide the general framework of the review,
- Be augmented by whatever supplemental information is deemed necessary to create an effective self-assessment, and
- Be succinct, yet thorough.

B. Composition and Appointment of the Self-Study Committee
- Membership of the self-study committee generally is recommended by the program head with final appointments made by the dean.
- Membership usually consists of three or more faculty from the unit being reviewed.
- It is recommended that committee members be selected from among those faculty with a good understanding of the department, as well as of the discipline/profession.
- This group should include both junior and senior faculty, staff, and student representatives.

C. Procedures
- The self-study should be started immediately following the orientation workshop so that it can be completed in time for a detailed review by the Office of Curricular Affairs and then sent to the review team at least three weeks before the site-visit review.
- The model timetable in Appendix A allows sufficient time for the completion of a comprehensive report.
- No specific procedures have been established for how the self-study is to be conducted.
- By following the outline provided in Appendix B and expanding upon those areas of special relevance to a particular review, the report will be responsive to the requirements and intent of the academic program review process.
- It is important that every effort be made to ensure that the process and the resulting report are comprehensive but concise. The text shouldn’t be more than about 80 pages, if single-spaced.
It is also essential that the process and results be open and available to all members (faculty, students, and staff) of the department or program.

D. Data for the Self-Study

It is recommended that the self-study report committee:

- Should make a special effort to gather all relevant data and present the findings clearly in ways that serve as a basis for the review;
- Interview or survey all faculty and selected representative students and alumni; and
- Gain information from other campus and non-campus resources, as appropriate.

Data for the report should include information about the students, faculty, and staff. (See Appendix B). Most of the student data for the seven-year APR period may be pulled by a designated member of your unit or APR Self-Study Report Committee from the APR Dashboard in UAccess Analytics. Data stored in UAccess Analytics includes the number of majors and minors, student FTE and SCH enrollment, faculty and staff FTE, and number of graduates from the program, department or college. Seven years of financial data (i.e., total state expenditures and sponsored project expenditures) are also available on the Dashboard and your business manager may obtain more detailed funding data from UAccess Financials. The person designated to pull student data from UAccess Analytics will need “Medium Level” authorization to access this dashboard. Please notify Celeste Pardee by mid-July with the name and e-mail address of the APR data contact(s) for your unit.

Student and personnel data for the seven-year APR period ending in June (to include May graduates) will be available from the Dashboard in late July. If APR data contacts would like dashboard training, they should enroll for a one-on-one learning session through the UAccess website. (Enrollment instructions may be found at http://community.uaccess.arizona.edu/uaccess-analytics-resources under Analytics office hours.)

Questions about the APR data may be directed to Celeste Pardee. Questions about the APR Dashboard may be directed to Ravneet Chadha. Contact information is on page 2 of this manual.

Information about data presentation:

- Please include only information available since the last APR report, no more than 7 years.
- Note that the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA), prohibits releasing any personal data on students, i.e., grade point averages, standardized test scores, etc., without written permission from the student, but this information can be presented collectively. Detailed information about FERPA can be viewed on the Office of the Registrar’s website at http://registrar.arizona.edu/personal-information/family-educational-rights-and-privacy-act-1974-ferpa.

ABOR has a policy on the number of degrees that need to be produced. Low-degree producing programs (see Appendix C) will be flagged by Celeste Pardee, who will request that the Self-Study Committee provide additional information about those programs.

E. Review of Self-Study Report

- A working draft of the self-study report should be sent electronically to Celeste Pardee (cpardee@email.arizona.edu), in the Office of Curricular Affairs, no later than 8 weeks prior to the site visit.
• An initial review will be performed and feedback will be provided by Celeste. This step gives the Self-Study Committee an opportunity to polish the report before it is submitted to the college dean.

• The college dean (or associate/vice dean, as applicable) will need to review and approve the final version before it is distributed.

• Three weeks before the site visit, the final self-study report needs to be distributed:
  o Two hard copies and one electronic copy to the Office of the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs
  o One hard copy to the college dean
  o One copy to each member of the Joint Internal/External Review Committee. Consider asking whether they prefer electronic or hard copies.
  o Electronic copies to the departmental faculty.

• An electronic copy of the self-study report will be forwarded to the Office of Instruction and Assessment. The student learning outcomes assessment sections (H.5. and I.4.) will be evaluated using a rubric. (See Appendix I). The scored rubrics will be provided to the APR committee at the time of the site visit, and information from the rubrics will form the basis of a post-APR improvement plan, if necessary.

Part 3: The Joint Internal/External Review Committee

A. Selection of the Joint Internal/External Review Committee
As early as possible, but no later than late August, the Self-Study Committee should suggest possible nominees for the Joint Internal/External Review Committee. The recommendations should be made to the unit head who will convey the recommendations to the dean. The recommendations to the dean should include at least two possible reviewers for each position described below.

B. Joint Internal/External Review Committee Composition
The review committee should include seven members:
• 3 external committee members (selected from the unit’s current and aspirational peers)
• 2 internal committee members
  o one from within the college of the department under review
  o one from a college other than the department’s college
• 1 community member
• 1 recent alumnus/alumna

Characteristics of the external members of the Joint Internal/External Review Committee:
• Represent the various academic areas covered by the program and are familiar with the various research specializations or scholarly work of the faculty.
• Hold ranks of full professors or department heads with national stature.
• Be free of conflicts of interest that would prevent them from conducting an objective review; should not be alumni from the program or have collaborations with members of the program.
• Should include members of underrepresented groups and women.

Characteristics of the other members of the Joint Internal/External Review Committee:
• Community committee members could be members of advisory groups (college, unit, or University) or professionals in a related field working in the community. They should not have an appointment in the department under review.
• Alumni can be community members working in the area, but should not be a current member of the department under review. Recent graduates, within the last five years, are preferred.
• Internal committee members should generally be full professors, and should not have a joint appointment in or collaboration with faculty in the unit under review.

C. Selection of Possible Dates for the Site Visit
• By September 1st, it is the responsibility of the unit head to have established two sets of possible site visit dates with the dean and then with the Office of the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs.
• Consult with Kat Francisco, Executive Associate to the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs (626-4099; ksexton@email.arizona.edu), to ensure that the potential dates for the site visit work for the Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost (and the Senior Vice President for Health Sciences if appropriate) and for the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs. Two suitable site visit dates will be reserved on their calendars.
• The site visit takes two full days and must be completed by late April in order to prepare reports for ABOR.

D. Selection Process for the Reviewers
• The department head should contact the possible external and internal, community and alumni review team nominees informally very early in the process to determine their interest and availability for two sets of possible site visit dates. The nominees should be informed that the site visit is two full days, and the nominees should be asked to hold these dates on their calendars.
• Every effort should be made to consider diversity when assembling the list of potential reviewers.
• Two nominees for each position on the site visit team should be submitted to the dean for review and approval. (See Appendix A)
• Following approval from the dean, the list of 14 nominees (two candidates for each position on the site visit team) is then submitted to the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs.
• The list of nominees must include a brief biosketch with highest degree earned and complete contact information (mailing address, email address, and phone number). (See Appendix D.)
• The review team and team chair will be selected by the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs.
• When the review team membership and site visit dates are confirmed, the Office of the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs will send letters (Appendix E) formally inviting the chair and review team members to participate. This mailing will include the website address for the APR Manual and a list of members invited to serve.

E. Communication with the Joint Internal/External Review Committee
• The unit head should mail or email electronic copies of the final self-study, faculty CVs, and other appropriate materials to the reviewers approved by the Senior Vice Provost at least three weeks prior to the visit.
• Some reviewers may also want this information in an electronic format (sent as attachments to an email); please check with reviewers about their preferences.
• The college deans pay at least $1,000 honorarium to each of the external reviewers, community members and alumni as compensation for the work related to the review. The honorarium should come from the dean rather than the department or program to eliminate the appearance of a conflict of interest.
• Internal reviewers may consider this to be university service and include this work as such on their annual review.
• The unit head should make arrangements for hotels and transportation with the review team members from out of town. This information should be communicated as soon as all Joint Internal/External Review Committee members are confirmed. Payment for these expenses is the responsibility of the program being reviewed, its college, or a combination of the two.

F. Itinerary for the Site Visit
• During the summer, or as early as possible in the fall semester, it is the unit's responsibility to schedule the Joint Internal/External Review Committee's meetings with the Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost, (the Senior Vice President for Health Sciences if appropriate), and the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs (see sample itinerary Appendix F).
• The Office of the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs will assist with scheduling these meetings.
• Three weeks before the visit, a draft site visit itinerary should be prepared and sent to the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs and the Executive Associate to the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs, (ksexton@email.arizona.edu) for review.
• After the draft itinerary has been approved, the final itinerary should be prepared and sent to the reviewers no later than two weeks before the visit.
• The schedule should be sufficiently flexible to allow the inclusion of additional appointments at the committee’s request.
• The visit should span two full days to allow sufficient time for reviewers to meet with administrators, senior faculty, assistant professors, students, staff, and others; to visit facilities; and to prepare a draft of their review report.
• It is appropriate for the unit head to meet with the review committee for one breakfast or one lunch, but generally not more. The committee needs time alone for discussion.
• The committee will review the self-study in depth, and interview faculty members, staff, students, and other individuals as appropriate (college and university administrators, faculty and/or department heads of related departments, and public or private groups with whom the department interacts).
• The review committee may request additional information or data that may be deemed necessary and appropriate to do a complete review.

G. Joint Internal/External Review Committee Should Examine:
• Undergraduate and graduate programs and student quality, as appropriate,
• Student outcomes assessment,
• Research, teaching, and academic outreach efforts of the faculty,
• Fiscal and physical resources,
• Recruitment and retention of faculty, staff, and students from underrepresented ethnic or minority groups and women,
• Academic and administrative organization, and
• Inter- or cross-disciplinary cooperation with other units.

These suggestions are not exhaustive. The Joint Internal/External Review Committee is encouraged to be responsive to other issues that come to the fore in the course of the review. It is expected that the review committee will make specific recommendations for improvement of the quality of the program, as well as identify those aspects of the program(s) that are exemplary.

• The external reviewers, as experts in the discipline, will be encouraged to evaluate the program in its national context.
• Attention should be given to the depth and breadth of faculty scholarship, the quality of undergraduate and graduate education, the status of the department as a learning community, and the commitment of individuals to support the department, college, and university vision.
• The reviewers should feel free to respond to the findings of the self-study and comment upon any other issues that bear upon the quality of the academic program.

H. Joint Internal/External Review Committee Final Report

• The committee should provide its final report to the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs within three weeks of the conclusion of the site visit.
• The report will be distributed to the Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost, the dean and unit head, and, if appropriate, the Senior Vice President for Health Sciences.
• The final report should include: a) Introduction, b) Strengths, c) Weaknesses, and d) Recommendations.
• The report of the Joint Internal/External Review Committee should make specific suggestions for improvement of the program.
• When the report is forwarded to the University of Arizona, it will be considered a public document that will be shared with faculty, students, staff, and others upon request.

Part 4: Discussion of the Findings – Conclusions and Recommendations

Following the receipt and subsequent distribution of the Joint Internal/External Review Committee’s report, a concluding conference with the Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost (and, as appropriate, the Senior Vice President for Health Sciences), the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs, the dean, and the program head will be scheduled.

The unit self-study and Joint Internal/External Review Committee report will provide a basis for discussion at this meeting. Additionally, an evaluation of the self-study section on student learning outcomes assessment (undergraduate and graduate) will be given to the program head. The Assistant Vice Provost for Instruction and Assessment will then contact the program head to schedule a discussion on steps that can be taken to improve assessment.

The unit head should provide a two-page letter of response to the dean, Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost (and, as appropriate, the Senior Vice President for Health Sciences), and the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs regarding the conclusions and recommendations in the report from the Joint Internal/External Review Committee prior to this final meeting.
This concluding conference will be scheduled by the Office of the Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs. The purpose of the meeting is to consider the findings and recommendations of the review. The decisions reached at this meeting are documented in the summary report to ABOR.

Part 5: Report to the Arizona Board of Regents

The final step in the Academic Program Review process is preparation of a summary report on the year’s academic program reviews for the Arizona Board of Regents. Upon ABOR request, a three-page narrative summary report will also be prepared for the Board and will include: (a) a description of the program; (b) an outline of the most recent previous review and responses; (c) procedures used in the review process; (d) major findings and conclusions of the review; (e) future plans for the program; and (f) a follow-up monitoring and reporting plan. A data summary will be appended to the narrative. After the ABOR discussion, the summaries will be sent to the units involved in the process.

Conclusion

After attending the APR Orientation and reading this manual, it is time to plan. It may be helpful to contact a unit that has recently completed an academic program review to discuss the process. An excellent example of a self-study report is available on the Academic Affairs website:

[http://www.academicaffairs.arizona.edu/academic-program-review](http://www.academicaffairs.arizona.edu/academic-program-review)

If you have any questions, feel free to contact anyone from the APR Management Group.
## APPENDIX A: APR Task Timeline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Who/What</th>
<th>When (Deadline)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unit Head</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attends APR Orientation</td>
<td>Spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Works with dean to create budget for APR</td>
<td>Spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submits nominations for Self-Study Committee to dean</td>
<td>Early June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gives charge to Self-Study Committee &amp; ensures progress on Self-Study Report (SSR)</td>
<td>Late June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Works with the dean’s office and Senior Vice Provost’s office to identify 2 sets of possible site-visit dates</td>
<td>July – August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaluates 14 nominees for Joint Internal/External Review Committee submitted by Self-Study Committee</td>
<td>July – August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contacts Joint Internal/External Review Committee nominees to confirm their availability on the two sets of site-visit dates identified</td>
<td>July – August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submits nominees’ names, brief bios &amp; contact information to dean for approval (See Appendix D)</td>
<td>July – August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirms final site visit dates with dean’s office and Senior Vice Provost’s office</td>
<td>August – September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upon notification of Joint Internal/External Review Committee members, communication to committee travel &amp; lodging arrangements for site visit</td>
<td>August – September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forwards draft copy of SSR to Office of Curricular Affairs</td>
<td>8 weeks before the site visit</td>
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<tr>
<td>Submits final draft of SSR to dean for approval, and a hard copy when approved</td>
<td>5 weeks before the site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sends 2 hard copies &amp; 1 electronic copy of approved SSR to Senior Vice Provost</td>
<td>3 weeks before the site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sends SSR, CVs and other relevant materials to Joint Internal/External Review Committee members</td>
<td>3 weeks before the site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sends draft site visit itinerary to Senior Vice Provost for review</td>
<td>3 weeks before the site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sends final site visit itinerary to Senior Vice Provost, dean and Joint Internal/External Review Committee members</td>
<td>2 weeks before the site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SITE VISIT</strong></td>
<td>Before April 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Writes response to the Joint Internal/External Review Committee Report and submits to Senior Vice Provost</td>
<td>1 week before Final APR Mtg (Concluding Conference)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attends Final APR Meeting (Concluding Conference) with Provost, Senior Vice Provost and Dean</td>
<td>Shortly after receipt of Joint Internal/External Review Committee Report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unit Self-Study Committee</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Chair of Self-Study Committee attends APR Orientation with Unit Head</td>
<td>Spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completes Self-Study Report (SSR) with support from Office of Curricular Affairs</td>
<td>July – 9 weeks before the site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submits 14 Nominees for Internal/External Committee to Department Head</td>
<td>July – August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submits Draft SSR to Department Head</td>
<td>9 weeks before the site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Curricular Affairs</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provides consulting to units in the preparation of Self-Study Report (SSR)</td>
<td>Beginning July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provides coordination &amp; guidance in obtaining institutional data for SSR</td>
<td>July – September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reviews and forwards feedback on draft SSR to the unit</td>
<td>8 weeks prior to site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepares SSR Summary for Provost and Senior Vice Provost</td>
<td>1 week before the site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepares APR summary for ABOR following site visit</td>
<td>May – July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Who/What</td>
<td>When (Deadline)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Dean</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Works with department head to create budget</td>
<td>Spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaluates nominations submitted by department head and appoints Self-Study Committee</td>
<td>Early June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approves 14 Joint Internal/External Review Committee nominees and forwards list to Senior Vice Provost</td>
<td>July – August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensures progress on Self-Study Report</td>
<td>July – August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approves final Self-Study Report</td>
<td>4 weeks prior to site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attends Site Visit Day 1 &amp; Day 2 meetings with Joint Internal/External Review Committee</td>
<td>Dates of Site Visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attends Final APR Meeting (Concluding Conference) with Provost, Senior Vice Provost and Unit Head</td>
<td>Shortly after receipt of Joint Internal/External Review Committee Report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assessment Specialists in the Office of Instruction and Assessment</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Holds workshops on assessment of student learning outcomes</td>
<td>Spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaluates SSR on learning outcomes assessment; submits evaluation to Sr. Vice Provost</td>
<td>1 week prior to site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meets with unit head/program director to discuss an assessment plan for units</td>
<td>After the site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initiates APR process by contacting colleges &amp; departments to schedule Orientation</td>
<td>Spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meets with unit for initial planning as needed when requested by unit</td>
<td>July – August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reviews list of Joint Internal/External Review Committee nominees—selects seven members and notifies department head and dean</td>
<td>July – August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sends invitation letters to the Joint Internal/External Review Committee</td>
<td>July – August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forwards feedback on draft itinerary to the unit</td>
<td>3 weeks before the site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forwards Self-Study to Assistant Vice Provost for review of student learning outcomes</td>
<td>2 weeks before the site visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meets with Joint Internal/External Review Committee for Orientation at the beginning of the site visit</td>
<td>Site Visit – Day 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submits graduate/undergraduate assessment rubrics to Joint Internal/External Review Committee</td>
<td>Site Visit – Day 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meets with Joint Internal/External Review Committee and Provost for Exit Meeting the last day of site visit</td>
<td>Site Visit – Day 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distributes Joint Internal/External Review Committee report to unit head, dean, and Provost</td>
<td>Upon receipt of report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attends Final APR Meeting (Concluding Conference) with Provost, Dean, and Unit Head</td>
<td>Shortly after receipt of Joint Internal/External Review Committee Report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completes Final Summary Reports for ABOR</td>
<td>Usually in Early December</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meets with Joint Internal/External Review Committee for Exit Meeting on last day of site visit</td>
<td>Site Visit – Day 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Holds Final APR Meeting (Concluding Conference) with Unit Head, Dean and Senior Vice Provost</td>
<td>Shortly after receipt of Joint Int’l/Ext’l Review Committee Report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attends ABOR Meeting to Present Summary Reports</td>
<td>Fall</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX B: Academic Program Review Self-Study Report Outline

Note: Include tables and graphs to represent data.

SECTION A: SELF STUDY SUMMARY

Provide a short summary that includes:

1. Short statement about the administrative home of the unit (School, College, etc).
2. List of the number of faculty at various ranks.
3. List of the number of lecturers, adjunct instructors, and post-doctoral fellows.
4. List of the academic programs for undergraduates, graduate students, and professional students, as appropriate, and indicate number of students enrolled in each program.

SECTION B: UNIT DESCRIPTION AND GOALS

Briefly describe the unit under review, including research centers sponsored by the unit, with statements on:

1. Mission, role, and scope
2. Major goals or strategic directions for the next 5 years (may append a strategic plan)
3. Relationship of goals to the University Strategic Plan and ideation as communicated on the Strategic Plan website: https://strategicplan.arizona.edu/.

SECTION C: UNIT HISTORY

1. Describe any major changes that have occurred in the unit since the last review including new academic programs and programs that have been renamed, merged, or disestablished.
2. Provide a summary of the recommendations of the previous academic program review and changes made in response to the recommendations.

SECTION D: OVERVIEW OF THE UNIT’S ACADEMIC QUALITY

1. Outline the reputational and outcome indicators and sources of information by which the unit is judged including national or international ranking, or other judgments of the program and the program’s students, faculty, resources, and productivity; list major faculty and student honors and awards.
2. Identify five aspirational peer programs among public research universities. Describe how this unit compares and the sources of information used for the comparison. Academic Analytics data (see Section E. Faculty, Part 1) should be included.

SECTION E: FACULTY

1. Briefly describe the overall nature and breadth of the faculty’s research and other scholarly contributions in the generation of knowledge, exemplary practice or creative performance with an appraisal of the most significant contributions to advancing the field or discipline. The University of Arizona participates in data collection on research productivity and faculty awards
with Academic Analytics. Contact Jessica Martinez from UAIR to obtain the data for your department/graduate program. Jessica can help your Self-Study Committee interpret the data.

2. Provide a table of current and pending grants, contracts, patents and license agreements, list faculty and principal investigator names, funding source and amount, and funding period.

3. List the faculty’s participation, leadership, and influence in the academic profession through such avenues as professional associations, review panels, and advisory groups.

4. Describe or list the teaching load and activities of the faculty. Provide summarized documentation about the quality of the teaching activities by faculty and lecturers in this unit. Use Teacher-Course Evaluations, Peer Review of Teaching, complete and include the Rubric for Evaluating Departmental Teaching Quality (Appendix G) and discuss outcomes in the text of the self-study, and other sources of data that address teaching quality.

5. Briefly describe recent faculty recruiting and planned directions for future faculty hires. Provide a table for the last seven years outlining the number of faculty at all ranks who were hired, retired or resigned, and reviewed for promotion and tenure (including results).

6. Provide a table showing faculty compensation range and average comparisons by rank with relevant aspirational peer programs identified in Section D, Part 2.

7. Provide a table with the number or percentage of faculty by gender and race/ethnicity. Briefly describe efforts to recruit and retain faculty from underrepresented groups.

8. Provide up-to-date short biographical sketches or CVs (include in an appendix) of each faculty member that include recent publications or listing of scholarly work, current grant funding, recent invited lectures, honors, major service or committee assignments, etc.

SECTION F: UNIT ADMINISTRATION

1. Provide an organizational chart for the unit and describe the governance structure and involvement of faculty (tenure-track and career-track) in governance.

2. Provide a table of classified staff and professional staff by appointment type. Comment on any unusual annual turnover rates in the years since the last APR.

3. Provide a table with the number or percentage of staff by gender and race/ethnicity.

4. Briefly comment on the adequacy of staff support and any plans for reconfiguration to improve efficiency.

SECTION G: UNIT RESOURCES

1. Describe briefly and appraise support services available in the unit for teaching, research, creative production, and other scholarly activities; outreach, including professional and community service; and administration.

2. Describe, as appropriate, any specific resource needs, e.g., library, laboratory, classrooms, classroom support, office space, technology support, office personnel, research assistants, and how they are typically funded.

3. Describe changes accomplished by the department/program to increase efficiency with respect to business practices, administration, teaching and other departmental functions.
4. Comment on projected changes in unit activities and quality outcomes if additional resources were available. Describe unit efforts to obtain non-state funding for new or needed resources.

SECTION H: UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS, DEGREE PROGRAMS AND OUTCOMES
The goal of this section is to provide descriptions and supporting data on undergraduate programs. If the unit under review has no undergraduate programs, it should be noted in the self-study report.


1. Describe the undergraduate degree program(s) and certificate programs offered (in-person and online) by the unit, including tracks or options within your programs. List the CIP codes for each program, and explain the basic goals of each.

   The CIP (Classification of Instructional Programs) is a six-digit code developed by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) to classify the primary discipline of an academic program. CIP codes are widely used in both national surveys and studies, and are the accepted government taxonomy standard for higher education program classification. It is recommended that units cross reference their unit with the CIP code on the NCES web site (http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/cipcode/browse.aspx?y=55) to confirm alignment of unit’s mission with current CIP code. Current CIP codes can be obtained on the Academic Affairs website, http://academicaffairs.arizona.edu/curricular-affairs, by selecting Academic Program Inventory on the left navigational bar.

2. List the contributions of the unit to foundation and general education courses including who teaches, how quality is assessed, and how updating is monitored. Describe the planning process and how these courses are coordinated with other courses.

   For Tier One and Tier Two General Education courses, complete the two templates in Appendix H. The templates are also available for download on the General Education Curriculum website: http://gened.arizona.edu/faculty/ge_outcomes_template.

   Provide information on the writing assignments and the learning outcomes for each General Education course that your unit offers. Also include a copy of the syllabus for each Tier One and Tier Two course taught by your unit as listed in Appendix H. The Office of Instruction & Assessment (OIA) will contact you to collect information on how you are assessing the General Education learning outcomes.

   List the writing-emphasis courses for each degree program and describe how those courses fulfill the writing-emphasis requirements.

3. Undergraduate Programs - Major(s), Minor(s), and Certificate(s) Curricula and Courses
   a. Provide a table of the enrollment trends for each undergraduate degree program, providing student data pulled from the APR Dashboard in UAccess Analytics. Indicate the course(s) and/or grade requirements, if any, for admission to the program.
   b. Describe how the undergraduate curriculum reflects the basic goals of the academic program. If there are options or tracks in the degree program, describe these and discuss efforts to
improve curricular and instructional efficiencies. Include program and/or courses available at UA South or other distant campuses, if applicable.

c. Does an accrediting body prescribe the curriculum(s)? If yes, name the accrediting body, briefly summarize the outcome of the most recent accreditation or include the letter from the accreditation body in the appendix, and indicate the date of the next review.

d. Briefly describe how the degree programs compare to similar programs nationally and any plans that are underway to change or strengthen courses or course sequencing in the curriculum.

e. Discuss any challenge with course availability in your program and in other programs that are needed by your students.

f. Confirm that the syllabi of all courses use learning outcomes and that multiple sections of the same course have the same learning outcomes.

g. Describe active learning strategies that are used within each degree program, including active engagement in the classroom and internships, practica, work-studies, or seminars.

h. Describe the use of instructional technology within program courses. For example, do your instructors use: 1) D2L for content delivery and to receive student assignments, 2) response devices [clickers], 3) podcasting, 4) UA YouTube presentations, 5) Adobe Connect, 6) Panopto 7) Tweetchats, or 8) Online Proctored Exams.

i. Discuss whether online courses are available for degree requirements. If you are planning to offer the full undergraduate program(s) online, please describe when you expect the complete program to be available.

4. Undergraduate Students:

a. Summarize available data in a table on the quality of students selecting the unit’s degree programs compared with the quality of students, graduation rates, and time to degree in other fields at the University of Arizona.

b. Provide information in a table on gender and race/ethnicity composition of the students in the unit (majors). FERPA rules require that you do not list students by name. Describe activities enacted for recruiting and retaining students from underrepresented ethnic groups, including the challenges and the successes.

c. Describe any efforts being done to attract and retain Honors undergraduate students. List in a table Honors courses available in the undergraduate program(s).

d. Explain how undergraduates majoring in the unit’s program(s) are advised and any challenges to the process or plans for change.

e. Summarize any data on how graduating seniors or alumni of the undergraduate degree programs view their educational experience. List data on graduation outcomes (percent attending graduate school, types of jobs obtained following graduation, etc.)

5. Undergraduate Program Learning Outcomes Assessment

The assessment cycle (Fig. 1) is an important faculty-driven process that allows programs to make evidence-based changes in curriculum to improve student performance. Starting in the 2017-2018 academic year, assessment plan reporting has moved from the webpages at
assessment.arizona.edu to the Accountability Management System in Taskstream by Watermark. All campus programs should have their Assessment plans into the new system by the summer of 2018. Each degree program has its own AMS workspace and should be reported out separately. For the annual cycles that are in AMS, you can generate a multi-cycle pdf for each degree plan and include it in the appendices. (Include attachments as necessary) For assessment information prior to 2017 (or 2016 if in pilot) a summary of the Assessment plan, Findings and Changes in response to findings is required in this section. Assessment plan information should include all the previous years since the program’s last APR. Refer to Appendix I to view the required areas of reporting and the rubric that will be used by the assessment specialists in the OIA to evaluate this section of the self-study report. Programs are expected to update their assessment plans in AMS annually, by July 1 of each year.

Address bullets a-d when summarizing non-AMS reporting.

a. PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES: List and number the measurable student learning outcomes for each undergraduate degree program offered in the unit. We recommend a total of 4-5 learning outcomes.

b. ASSESSMENT PLAN (Activities or measures): List and briefly discuss the activities used to measure the expected student learning outcomes. Activities should include direct and indirect measures of outcomes. Include copies of the tools (e.g. rubrics) that you use to collect assessment data. These can be included in an appendix of your Self-Study Report. Describe how faculty, staff, and students are involved in the development and implementation of the activities.

c. ASSESSMENT FINDINGS: Report and discuss the findings from learning-outcome assessment activities. Examples of findings may include summaries of rubric scores, exit exam scores, survey responses to targeted questions, or narrative responses.

Figure 1: A Faculty-Driven Process for Program Level Assessment of Student Outcomes
d. **CHANGES MADE IN RESPONSE TO FINDINGS:** Indicate how the assessment findings are used to: 1) improve student learning and classroom instruction, 2) assist in strategic program planning, and 3) review, evaluate, and modify the curriculum in the programs. See Figure 1.

**SECTION I: GRADUATE STUDENTS, DEGREE PROGRAM(S) AND OUTCOMES**

The goal of this section is to provide descriptions and supporting data on graduate programs. If the unit under review has no graduate programs, it should be noted in the self-study report.


1. Describe the graduate degree program(s) offered (in person and online) by this unit. Include, as appropriate, approved options within your programs, dual degrees, joint degrees, accelerated masters programs and post-baccalaureate and/or graduate certificate programs. Describe any changes that have occurred in recent years and changes planned for the future.

The CIP (Classification of Instructional Programs) is a six-digit code developed by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) to classify the primary discipline of an academic program. CIP codes are widely used in both national surveys and studies, and are the accepted government taxonomy standard for higher education program classification. It is recommended that units cross reference their unit with the CIP code under the NCES web site ([http://www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds/cipcode/browse.aspx?y=55](http://www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds/cipcode/browse.aspx?y=55)) to confirm alignment of unit’s mission with current CIP code. Current CIP codes can be obtained on the Academic Affairs website, [http://academicaffairs.arizona.edu/curricular-affairs](http://academicaffairs.arizona.edu/curricular-affairs), by selecting Academic Program Inventory on the left navigational bar.

2. **Graduate Program - Curriculum and Courses:**
   
a. Confirm that all 400/500 combined courses have additional work and learning expectations for graduate students and the list is indicated on all syllabi of co-convened courses.

b. Confirm that the learning outcomes listed on all face-to-face, hybrid, and online course syllabi for the same courses are the same.

c. Describe the extent to which the courses in the graduate degree program(s) are sufficient and balanced among various specialties, options, tracks, or career directions to meet student needs and interest.

d. Describe active learning strategies that are used within each degree program, including active engagement in the classroom and internships, practica, teaching workshops, and/or assistantships.

e. Describe the use of instructional technology within program courses. For example, do your faculty use: 1) D2L for content delivery and to receive student assignments, 2) response devices (clickers), 3) podcasting, 4) UA YouTube presentations, 5) Adobe Connect, 6) Panopto 7) Tweetchats, or 8) Online Proctored Exams.

f. Discuss whether online courses are available for program requirements and whether you offer, or plan to offer any online graduate programs.
g. Comment on the adequacy of the resources available for graduate students to carry out their studies, e.g., office and lab space, supplies, travel, photocopying, etc.

h. Comment on the proportion of PhD students in your program who take courses or complete minors in other disciplines and the proportion of PhD students from other disciplines who take courses or complete a minor in your programs. Discuss any coordination problems.

i. Provide the link to an electronic copy of your graduate student handbook or add a copy to the appendices. Forward the link or an electronic copy to the Graduate College, attn. Dianne Horgan, Senior Consultant for Graduate Education (dhorgan@email.arizona.edu), for review and feedback.

3. Graduate Students:

a. Describe mechanisms used to recruit students and how well the program is competing for the top students. Compare the quality of students in this (these) graduate program(s) with students in other similar programs and the quality since the last APR review (based on GREs, GPAs, or other admissions criteria).

b. Provide data in a table on gender and race/ethnicity composition of the current graduate students with majors in the unit and comment on similar graduate programs at other schools. Describe efforts to increase representation of under-represented groups.

c. Comment on the number and adequacy of the stipends and assistantships. In addressing this, indicate the percentage of graduate students in the program(s) that have a teaching or research assistantship; the salary range of stipends for half-time research assistantships and teaching assistantships; travel support provided to students presenting scholarly papers.

d. Comment on the average ratio of student/faculty thesis and dissertation supervision in each graduate program since the last APR and compare to other programs in this discipline. Summarize information from exit interviews in your programs. Provide a list of the graduate student placements since the last APR.

e. Discuss the scholarship activities of your graduate students (being mindful of FERPA policy), such as conference presentations and publications.

f. Provide a table of the trends, time to degree, and number completing the degree for the last seven years, for each graduate degree program, providing student data pulled from the APR Dashboard in UAccess Analytics. Also indicate the six and eight year completion rates.

4. Graduate Student Learning Outcomes Assessment:

The assessment cycle (Fig. 1) is an important faculty-driven process that allows programs to make evidence-based changes in curriculum to improve student performance. Starting in the 2017-2018 academic year, assessment plan reporting has moved from the webpages at assessment.arizona.edu to the Accountability Management System in Taskstream by Watermark. All campus programs should have their Assessment plans into the new system by the summer of 2018. Each degree program has its own AMS workspace and should be reported out separately. For the annual cycles that are in AMS, you can generate a multi-cycle pdf for each degree plan and include it in the appendices. (Include attachments as necessary) For assessment information prior to 2017 (or 2016 if in pilot) a summary of the Assessment plan, Findings and Changes in
response to findings is required in this section. Assessment plan information should include all the previous years since the program’s last APR. Refer to Appendix I to view the required areas of reporting and the rubric that will be used by the assessment specialists in the OIA to evaluate this section of the self-study report. Programs are expected to update their assessment plans in AMS annually, by July 1 of each year.

Address bullets a-d when summarizing non-AMS reporting.

a. PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES: List and number the measurable student learning outcomes for each undergraduate degree program offered in the unit. We recommend a total of 4-5 learning outcomes.

b. ASSESSMENT PLAN (Activities or measures): List and briefly discuss the activities used to measure the expected student learning outcomes. Activities should include direct and indirect measures of outcomes. Include copies of the tools (e.g. rubrics) that you use to collect assessment data. These can be included in an appendix of your Self-Study Report. Describe how faculty, staff, and students are involved in the development and implementation of the activities.

c. ASSESSMENT FINDINGS: Report and discuss the findings from learning-outcome assessment activities. Examples of findings may include summaries of rubric scores, exit exam scores, survey responses to targeted questions, or narrative responses.

d. CHANGES MADE IN RESPONSE TO FINDINGS: Indicate how the assessment findings are used to: 1) improve student learning and classroom instruction, 2) assist in strategic program planning, and 3) review, evaluate, and modify the curriculum in the programs. See Figure 1.

![Figure 1: A Faculty-Driven Process for Program Level Assessment of Student Outcomes](image-url)
5. Post-Doctoral Fellows: Describe your post-doctoral fellowship program, if applicable. How many post-docs have positions in your unit? In what ways do your post-doctoral fellows contribute to the unit? List the range of time and mean length of time that post-docs stay in your unit. List the positions post-docs have taken when they leave the program.

**SECTION J: ACADEMIC OUTREACH**

Outreach refers to educational efforts, leadership, and sharing of knowledge off-campus, for example in the local community and throughout the State.

1. Describe the nature and outcomes of academic outreach activities in this unit.
2. Comment on how these activities reflect the goal(s) of the unit and the particular needs of Arizona.

**SECTION K: COLLABORATION WITH OTHER UNITS**

Outline the main collaborations of your unit with other departments, schools and/or colleges, include joint or dual degrees and Graduate Interdisciplinary Programs, as appropriate.

**SECTION L: FACULTY PLANNING**

1. What is the faculty’s collective view of the program’s future, its desired directions, and its means for reaching these objectives?
2. How do planning and incentives direct the program to these ends?

**SECTION M: SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS: THRESHOLD FOR DEFINING PRODUCTIVE PROGRAMS**

ABOR requires that programs with low degree production do an evaluation and report the results to the Board as part of the APR. The table below shows the minimum number of degrees a program is required to produce. Units with programs that have failed to attain the required number of degrees over three years will be notified by the Office of Curricular Affairs. Methodology for this report is found in Appendix C. Discuss this issue in the self-study report. Contact Celeste Pardee if you have questions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Degree</th>
<th>3-Year Degree Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Baccalaureate</td>
<td>24 or more degrees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Masters</td>
<td>9 or more degrees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doctorate</td>
<td>6 or more degrees</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX C: Identifying Low Productivity Programs

As part of the Academic Program Review, degree programs will be reviewed for degree productivity using the methodology outlined below. Reports on low productivity are provided to the Arizona Board of Regents each year following the APR and potentially at other times, when requested.

### Threshold for Defining Productive Programs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Degree</th>
<th>3-Year Degree Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Baccalaureate</td>
<td>24 or more degrees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Masters</td>
<td>9 or more degrees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doctorate</td>
<td>6 or more degrees</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Identify programs with degree production below thresholds and report them in the Self-Study Report in Section M; include the relevant parts described below.

**Undergraduate**

Institutions will review degree information for each academic program for the most recent three years for which degrees-awarded data are available. Each degree and each major earned by a given student will count as a degree for this purpose (following IPEDS).

- Academic programs are expected to award twenty-four or more undergraduate degrees over the most recent three-year period.
- Degrees are counted according to the fiscal year for graduates completing in August through May.
- Degrees with differing titles (e.g., B.A., B.S., etc.) for a given major will be combined for purposes of the threshold analysis if substantial overlap of course work exists among the different degrees.
- Degrees granted to students with dual majors are counted with each major.
- The review of undergraduate programs excludes interdisciplinary programs.

**Graduate**

For programs granting degrees at the masters or doctoral level, institutions will review the number of degrees granted in the most recent three years for which degrees-awarded data are available.

- Academic programs are expected to grant nine or more master’s degrees and six or more doctoral degrees over the most recent three-year period.
- Degrees are counted according to the fiscal year for graduates completing in August through May.
- In programs that offer both master’s and doctoral degrees, the doctoral degree numbers will be used to identify productivity of the program (i.e., if the number of doctoral degrees awarded is above the threshold, the master’s program need not meet or exceed the threshold for master’s degree programs.
• Degrees with differing titles (e.g., M.A., M.S., etc.) for a given major will be combined for purposes of the threshold analysis if substantial overlap of course work exists among the different degrees.
• Dual degrees granted to a student are counted separately.
• The review of graduate programs excludes interdisciplinary programs.

Low degree production may occur because:
• The program no longer accepts students and is in the process of being phased out or has temporarily suspended admissions to undergo restructuring.
• The program was approved by the Arizona Board of Regents and implemented by the institution within the last six years. (Curriculum Office staff will provide each program with the year of ABOR approval).
• The program is offered at an off-campus location or at an alternate campus that offers unique degree programs or is an online program that is unique from other programs offered at the University. Degrees from university programs that are offered at other sites are counted with the majors and degrees offered on campus. Justifications for the low degree production and a plan for improvements must be provided.

Programs with low degree productivity should be reviewed for viability. If a low productivity degree is duplicative, a plan should be developed to assess its viability relative to similar programs at other Arizona’s state universities and implement steps to modify or eliminate the program.

Review Programs that Are Below the Low Degree Production Threshold for Criteria that Might Support Retention

A program might be recommended for retention if one of a variety of institutional priorities is met. These recommendations may be made by the Provost in a report to the ABOR. These might include:
• Basic academic subject:
The program is considered a basic academic subject offered by a majority (8 or more) of our peer institutions. The most recent IPEDS Degree Completion report should be used to compare CIP code and degree levels at the peer institutions.
• Program quality:
Quality may be demonstrated by student, faculty, or overall program quality. Examples of measures include evidence of instructional effectiveness, student performance and outcomes, employer satisfaction, student placement, research/scholarship/creative/artistic excellence, external funding, external recognition and national rankings, and accreditation.
• Centrality to university mission:
Universities have complex missions with multiple goals. A program’s contribution to the university mission is evidenced by identifying the university goal that the program fulfills.
• Contribution to other programs in the university:
Universities have responsibilities to provide students access to courses and programs of study that support both broad educational goals (such as general education) and specific student needs (such as certificate programs). Evidence of a program’s contribution to other programs in the university includes the number of student credit hours (or full-time equivalent students -- FTE) taught, courses taught that meet general education requirements, students completing
minors, students completing certificates, courses required by other majors, and non-majors in courses required of majors.

- **Contributions to workforce development:**
The program prepares graduates that are valuable and needed by industry, business, and other stakeholders in Arizona.

- **Program uniqueness:**
The program is important to Arizona by virtue of its unique educational contribution. Uniqueness is evidenced by a distinctive program focus (such as community partnerships, internships, interdisciplinary, or unique intellectual focus).

- **Program Growth:**
The program has recently been modified and there has been a significant increase in the number of students entering this major such that the number of degrees is expected to meet threshold within the next six years.

- **Program/unit revenue:**
The unit housing the program generates significant revenue that can be used to support the program.

- **Access**
The program provides opportunities to earn degrees to students that, for geographic or other reasons, would not be able to participate in other programs. The measure of access will be the number of students enrolled in the program from rural or otherwise under represented populations.

- **Other**

**Recommendations for programs not meeting any of the above conditions**

Based on the information provided from the reviews outlined above, the University will provide a recommendation to ABOR for each program that does not produce enough degrees to meet threshold. Recommendations may include that the program should be retained, eliminated, merged, or in some way modified.
APPENDIX D: Template for Nominee Bio

Nominee Category [External, Internal, Community, or Alumni]

Jane Doe, Degree
Professor of Global Seismology, Department of Geosciences
Department of Geosciences
Gould-Simpson Building, Room 510
PO Box 210077
Tucson, AZ 85721-0077
CAMPUS

Email: jdoe@email.arizona.edu
Phone: (520) 621 1234
Admin Name: [if applicable]
Admin Email: [if applicable]

Ph.D. (Seismology), 1987, University of Colorado
Doe’s research involves using broadband seismology to understand mountain belts, earthquakes, and faulting. She is interested in the evolution of the North and South American Cordilleras, with much of her current research on the south central Andes. She also is working on earthquakes and Earth structure associated with subduction zones and strike-slip plate boundaries. Department Head, Geosciences, University of California at Santa Barbara 2000-2007. Served on National Science Foundation Grant Review Committee 2002-2005; editor of International Review of Seismology 2009-present. Awards include: the 2004 Sally Smith Award for Research in Seismology by the American Association of Seismology and University of Arizona College of Science Innovative Teaching award (2001). Published 80 peer reviewed articles and currently has NSF and DOE research grants.

DO NOT SEND FULL CV’s
APPENDIX E: Invitation Letter to Committee Members

The Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs will mail the following letter to each of the 7 committee members selected from the list of nominees provided by the unit head. One member will be selected by the Senior Vice Provost to chair the committee.

The University of Arizona
Office of the Provost

October 1, 2017

John Doe, Ph.D.
Professor, Department of Geosciences
University of California
552 University Road
Santa Barbara, California 93106

Re: University of Arizona Department of Geosciences Academic Program Review

Dear Dr. Doe:

Under Arizona Board of Regents policy, all academic programs at the University of Arizona receive a thorough review every seven years. I am writing to invite you to participate on the Academic Program Review (APR) committee for the Department of Geosciences. I understand that arrangements are being made for the site visit to occur February 27-28, 2018.

The comprehensive academic program review is an essential part of the University of Arizona’s effort to enhance the institution, as well as to ensure and improve the quality of its programs. The APR process involves a self-study by the unit and evaluation by a committee consisting of experts from outside the institution, two University of Arizona faculty members from related units, an alumnus, and a community member.

Your role, in collaboration with your fellow team members, will be to evaluate thoroughly all aspects of the unit, including as appropriate, faculty, students, academic programs, research, outreach efforts, diversity, and administration/governance. We will look to your team for a candid report on the unit, assessing the quality of these efforts and for recommendations for their improvement. Time will be allotted in the itinerary for report preparation. The enclosed list shows the team composition.

The APR procedure manual is available on the Provost’s web site at http://www.academicaffairs.arizona.edu/. The Dean’s office will send you other background documents in preparation for your work. This includes the unit’s self-study report, the Itinerary, and any additional information that would be helpful to you. If you need further information, feel free to contact my associate, Kat Francisco, at ksexton@email.arizona.edu or (520) 626-4099, or you may contact me directly at gburd@email.arizona.edu or via the same phone number.

I appreciate your willingness to assist us in this important evaluation effort.

Gail D. Burd, Ph.D.
Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs

cc: Joaquin Ruiz, Dean, College of Science
    Peter Reiners, Department Head, Department of Geosciences
## APPENDIX F: Sample Itinerary

### Date of Day 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8:00-8:30 am</td>
<td>Orientation with Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8:30-9:00 am</td>
<td>Meet with Dean</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9:00-9:30 am</td>
<td>Meet with Self-Study Committee</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9:30-9:45 am</td>
<td>Break</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9:45-10:45 am</td>
<td>*Meet with Tenure-Eligible Assistant Professors</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:45-11:45 am</td>
<td>Open Meeting with Graduate Students</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11:45-1:00 pm</td>
<td>Lunch with Department Head</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:00-2:00 pm</td>
<td>Tour Facilities or Meet Career Track Faculty or Other Meetings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2:00-3:00 pm</td>
<td>*Meet with Tenured Faculty Members</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3:00-4:00 pm</td>
<td>Meet with Other Department Heads in the College</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4:00-5:30 pm</td>
<td>Begin Draft Report</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6:00 pm</td>
<td>Dinner Off-Campus</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Include meeting with Graduate College Dean, etc., as appropriate.

*Tenure-Eligible Assistant Professors & Tenured Faculty cannot have the same meeting time.

### Date of Day 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8:00-9:00 am</td>
<td>Meet with Staff</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9:00-10:00 am</td>
<td>Open Meeting with Undergraduate Students</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:00-10:15 am</td>
<td>Break</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:15-12:00 am</td>
<td>Meet with chairs of undergraduate or graduate programs or other campus individuals</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12:00-1:30 pm</td>
<td>Working Lunch</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:30-2:30 pm</td>
<td>Meet with Dean</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2:30-3:00 pm</td>
<td>**Travel to Administration Building</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3:00-4:00 pm</td>
<td>Exit Meeting with Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost, and Senior Vice Provost for Academic Affairs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4:00-5:30 pm</td>
<td>Draft Report</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6:00 pm</td>
<td>Working Dinner</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Include meetings with community members and alumni, as appropriate.

**Travel time must be included when changing locations. Identify who will escort the committee.

The Final APR Report should be submitted within three weeks of the site visit. Email the report to Gail Burd, gburd@email.arizona.edu, with copy to Kat Francisco ksexton@email.arizona.edu.

### Contact Name(s), Office Number & Cell Number(s)

This should be a person, such as the head and/or admin, who has knowledge of the itinerary and committee members, and who is available throughout the two-day site-visit for a phone call in case of unexpected delays, questions or additional requests from the Committee.
APPENDIX G: Rubric for Evaluating Departmental Teaching Quality

FROM FINAL REPORT OF THE TASK FORCE ON TEACHING QUALITY
University of Arizona, January 5, 2015
http://academicaffairs.arizona.edu/final-report-task-force-teaching-quality

5. Measuring the Teaching Quality of a Department or Academic Program

One goal of this Task Force has been to develop a mechanism that could be used in the Academic Program Review self-study and would demonstrate the quality of teaching performed by faculty in the department. Measures could include TCEs, demonstration of student learning in department courses, and peer review of teaching. The goal is to document that the department takes its teaching mission seriously, makes efforts to improve, and shows improvement over time. Graphs, pie charts, and tables with data on teaching quality could be used.

a. Rubric for Evaluating Departmental Teaching Quality

We ask that the following rubric be used to assess teaching quality in a program or department undergoing Academic Program Review. The rubric will be used by the APR self-study committee and department head to provide an evaluation of the quality of teaching done in the department. It will also provide a context for the self-study committee and department head to discuss what improvements are planned for the future. The self-study committee and department head will need to describe what evidence they have used to document teaching quality for the evaluation and provide that evidence as an appendix in the report. Unlike the review of the assessment plan, activities, findings, and changes in response to findings that are part of the APR process, the review of teaching quality data would be done solely by the department self-study committee and department head and presented in the self-study for the APR Committee review.

Note: In the rubric instructors are defined as tenured or tenure track faculty, professors of practice, lecturers, and adjunct lecturers. Teaching assistants who are the instructors-of-record for a course may be considered under this rubric, but departments are expected to provide documentation demonstrating that teaching assistants receive significant departmental training on teaching and grading practices before they begin teaching, and should be mentored and report to a member of the faculty or lecturer.
Rubric for Self-Assessing Departmental Teaching Quality in the APR Self-Study

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicate the self-assessment rating with a brief rationale in the appropriate cell.</th>
<th>Criteria for Assessing Teaching Quality</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exemplary</td>
<td>Developing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Expectations for Teaching Quality</strong>: A department is EXEMPLARY for this criterion if it has established a set of expectations for high-quality teaching at all levels of the curriculum that are clearly conveyed to all instructors. Expectations are based upon effective teaching practices demonstrated to improve student learning outcomes. All instructors are held to these expectations to the extent that is appropriate to the classes they teach and the terms of their appointments.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Support for Teaching Development</strong>: A department is EXEMPLARY for this criterion if it has in place standard processes for encouraging professional development towards high-quality teaching across the whole unit. These processes include the provision of clear information about and ready access to resources, inside and outside the department that can help all instructors develop the quality of their teaching. All these processes are aligned with the department's established expectations for teaching quality. Avenues for development may include, but need not be limited to, peer coaching, consultations with OIA, and support for attending workshops and conferences focused on enhancing the quality of teaching.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Evaluation of Teaching</strong>: A department is EXEMPLARY for this criterion if it has an established and transparent process for evaluating teaching quality for all instructors. The evaluation criteria are tightly linked to the department’s established set of expectations for teaching quality. The evaluation process includes, but is not limited to, student evaluations, peer evaluation of teaching, and instructor self-reflection. Evaluating teaching quality is a key part of annual reviews as well as promotion and tenure reviews.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Applying Findings to Teaching Improvements</strong>: A department is EXEMPLARY for this criterion if it has an ongoing process that includes steps in which teaching evaluations are reviewed and incorporated into department plans for both programmatic and individual goals improvement. All steps of this application phase are linked to the department’s established set of expectations for teaching quality.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Your General Education course(s) should each provide an opportunity for student learning to be aligned with at least one of the General Education student learning outcomes. The four Gen Ed learning outcomes are shown in the table below. For each of the program’s general education courses, identify which outcomes are addressed and mark the appropriate box with the level of attention it receives (see selections...
Note: Each course is not expected to, and many cannot, assess all four student learning outcomes, nor is this an evaluation of the instructors. Please complete this chart for every general education course offered by your program. Add additional rows as needed.

| Course prefix and number (for courses with multiple sections with different instructors, create a line entry for each section) | General Education Program Student Learning Outcomes |
|---|---|---|---|
| (Example) ABE 150 | Think Critically | Communicate Effectively | Understand and Value Differences | Use Information Effectively |
| I | P | | A Rubric scored research paper |

*Introduce: bring the outcome into use or operation for the first time
Practice: repeated opportunities to demonstrate an outcome so as to acquire or maintain proficiency in it
Assessed: learning outcome is measured and data recorded
The program’s Academic Program Review Self-Study Report was reviewed for each of the criteria below and scored between 1 (inadequate) and 4+ (outstanding). See back page for more detailed explanation of scoring.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Score (1-4+)</th>
<th>Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Program Learning Outcomes</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student learning outcomes identify the intended knowledge, understandings, or abilities that students will acquire through the academic program. The majority of these outcomes are at a high cognitive level.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Curriculum Map</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The curriculum map provides an overall view of the assessment plan. The map includes a list of measures aligned with the appropriate learning outcomes. Measures are clearly described, and there is at least one direct and indirect measure for each outcome. In addition to assessment points, identifying where the outcomes are introduced and practiced is encouraged.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assessment Plan</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measures for assessing outcomes, as well as the target and ideal performance levels, are specified and justified. Measures are appropriate as evidenced by tools (rubrics, exit surveys, etc.) that clearly align with learning outcomes. Direct and indirect measures are included.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assessment Findings</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Findings describe what was learned from the assessment measures. Findings from ongoing measures are summarized and clearly reported for the years since the last APR.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Changes in Response to Findings (Action Plan)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The findings are used to inform annual action plans to improve the program. Assessment findings are appropriately used as information that drives improvement in learning, instruction, curriculum or strategic planning. Follow-up assessment measures are included to evaluate the action plan.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Online Reporting (indicate yes or no for each item)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material in the program’s Self-study report matches what has been reported in the AMS (Taskstream reporting).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMS (Taskstream reporting) has been updated within the last year.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

General Comments:
## APR Rubric for 2018-2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Student learning outcomes identify the intended knowledge, understandings, or abilities that students will acquire through the academic program. The majority of these outcomes are at a high cognitive level.</th>
<th>Outcomes are included and the majority of them explicitly describe what students can analyze, evaluate, or create.</th>
<th>Outcomes are included which explicitly describe what students know, understand, or are able to do.</th>
<th>Outcomes are included, but do not explicitly describe what students know, understand, or are able to do.</th>
<th>Outcomes are included that describe course level evaluation. No program level outcomes are included that explicitly describe what students know, understand, or are able to do.</th>
<th>Outcome are absent. Rather, the program learning outcomes section describes program goals and objectives rather than student learning outcomes.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

| Curriculum Map | The curriculum map provides an overall view of the assessment plan. The map includes a list of measures aligned with the appropriate learning outcomes. Measures are clearly described, and there is at least one direct and indirect measure for each outcome. In addition to assessment points, identifying where the outcomes are introduced and practiced is encouraged. | The curriculum map contains a complete list and clear description of assessment measures aligned with outcomes. Map includes where learning outcome concepts are introduced, practiced, and assessed. Each outcome has at least two assessment measures, one direct and one indirect. | The curriculum map contains at least one assessment measure per outcome. | The curriculum map does not contain at least one assessment measure for each outcome. | Curriculum map is absent, or no activities have been included. |

| Assessment Plan | Measures for assessing outcomes, as well as the target and ideal performance levels, are specified and justified. Measures are appropriate as evidenced by tools (rubrics, exit surveys, etc.) that clearly align with learning outcomes. Direct and indirect measures are included. | Measures for assessing outcomes, as well as the target and ideal performance levels, are specified and justified. Measures are appropriate as evidenced by tools (rubrics, exit surveys, etc.) that clearly align with learning outcomes. Direct and indirect measures are included. | Measures are listed and described for each outcome. The activities are appropriate measures of outcomes as evidenced by tools. Plan does not include both direct and indirect measures. | Measures are listed and described for each outcome. Some measures may not be appropriate measures of the outcomes, or no tools are included. Plan does not include both direct and indirect measures. | A discussion of assessment measures is absent or vague. In the absence of measurable learning outcomes, this criterion receives a score of 1. |

| Assessment Findings | Findings describe what was learned from the assessment measures. Findings from ongoing measures are summarized and clearly reported for the years since the last APR. | Findings from direct and indirect assessment measures are summarized and clearly reported and include the last 7 years of data or since the last APR. | Findings from direct and indirect assessment measures are summarized and clearly reported and include the last 5 years of data. | Findings from assessment measures are summarized and clearly reported for less than 5 years of data. However, findings are only from direct or indirect measures. | No findings from assessment measures are reported. In the absence of measurable learning outcomes and/or a detailed, complete assessment plan, this criterion receives a score of 1. |

| Changes in Response to Findings (Action Plan) | The findings are used to inform annual action plans to improve the program. Assessment findings are appropriately used as information that drives improvement in learning, instruction, curriculum or strategic planning. Follow-up assessment measures are included to evaluate the action plan. | Changes, in the form of action plans, are described and justified based on the findings, or no changes are warranted based on the findings so far. Action plan assessment is included. Changes from the past 7 years are included or referenced or since the last APR. | Changes, in the form of action plans, are described and justified based on the findings, or no changes are warranted based on the findings so far. Action plan assessment is included. Changes from the past 5 years are included or referenced. | Changes, in the form of action plans, are described but not justified by findings. | Changes, in the form of action plans, are described but not justified by findings. No action plans based on findings are reported. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>4+ (Outstanding)</th>
<th>4 (Excellent)</th>
<th>3 (Adequate)</th>
<th>2 (Needs Development)</th>
<th>1 (Inadequate)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>